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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NOTICE 3693 OF 2025

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA

SUNSET REVIEW OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES ON STRANDED WIRE, OF IRON OR STEEL, NOT ELECTRICALLY INSULATED, OF A DIAMETER OF 12,7 MM OR MORE (EXCLUDING THAT OF WIRE OF STAINLESS STEEL, THAT OF WIRE PLATED, COATED OR CLAD WITH COPPER AND THAT IDENTIFIABLE AS CONVEYOR BELT CORD) CLASSIFIED UNDER TARIFF SUBHEADING 7312.10.17 ORIGINATING IN OR IMPORTED FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA ("CHINA") ("STRANDED WIRE")

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 53 of the Anti-Dumping Regulations and Article 11.3 of the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, any definitive anti-dumping duty shall be terminated on a date not later than five years from its imposition, unless the authorities determine, in a review initiated before that date, on their own initiative or upon a duly substantiated request made by or on behalf of the domestic industry within a reasonable period of time prior to that date, that the expiry of the duties would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and injury.

On 7 June 2024, the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) notified interested parties through Notice No. 2550 of 2024 in Government Gazette No. 50772, that unless a substantiated request is made indicating that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties against imports of ropes and cables of a diameter exceeding 32 mm originating in or imported from China would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and injury, the anti-dumping duties on stranded wire originating in or imported from China will expire on 23 December 2025.

THE APPLICANT

The application was lodged by Haggie Steel Wire Ropes Proprietary Limited ("the Applicant"), being the only producer of the subject product in the Southern African Customs Union ("SACU") thus the application can be regarded as "made by or on behalf" of the SACU Industry.

The Applicant alleges that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties would likely lead to the continuation of dumping and continuation of material injury. The Applicant submitted sufficient evidence and established a *prima facie* case to enable the Commission to arrive at a reasonable conclusion that a sunset review investigation of the anti-dumping duties on stranded wire originating in or imported from China, should be initiated.

THE PRODUCT

The anti-dumping duties subject to this sunset review is applicable to on stranded wire originating in or imported from China, classifiable under tariff subheadings 7312.10.17

THE ALLEGATION OF THE LIKELIHOOD OF CONTINUATION OF DUMPING

The allegation of the likelihood of the continuation of dumping is based on the comparison between the normal values and the export prices should the anti-dumping duties expire.

China

Normal value

In calculating the normal values for China, the Applicant relied on third-country sales from China to Germany, which meets the requirement for choosing a suitable third-country market. The data used was obtained from Eurostat, a directorate of the European Union

(EU) responsible for providing statistical information to EU institutions.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory normal value.

Export price

In calculating the export price, the Commission normally used official South African Revenue Service ("SARS") statistics. The Applicant has provided export price information based on the official SARS import statistics.

During the investigation period for dumping (from May 2024 to April 2025), China exported steel wire ropes to South Africa.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory export price.

Dumping margins

The following average dumping margin for China was calculated:

China	**EUR/kg**
Margin of dumping as a % of FOB export price	203.28%

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of the likelihood of continuation of dumping.

THE ALLEGATION OF THE LIKELIHOOD OF CONTINUATION OF MATERIAL INJURY

The Applicant alleged and submitted sufficient evidence to show that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties on the subject products originating in or imported from China would likely lead to continuation of material injury to the SACU industry.

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of the likelihood of the continuation of material injury if the duties expire.

PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION

The investigation period for determination of the likelihood of the continuation of dumping is the period 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025 and material injury is from 1 May 2022 to 30 April 2025, and an estimate for 1 May 2025 to 30 April 2026 in the event the anti-dumping duties expire.

PROCEDURAL FRAMEWORK

Having decided that there is sufficient evidence and a *prima facie* case to justify the initiation of an investigation, the Commission has begun an investigation in terms of section 16 of the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 ("the ITA Act"). The Commission will conduct its investigation in accordance with the relevant sections of the ITA Act, the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 ("the Anti-Dumping Agreement") and the Anti-Dumping Regulations of the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa ("ADR"). Both the ITA Act and the ADR are available on the Commission's website (www.itac.org.za) or from the Trade Remedies section, on request.

To obtain the information, it deems necessary for its investigation, the Commission will

send non-confidential versions of the application and questionnaires to all known importers and exporters and known representative associations. The trade representative of the country of origin has also been notified. Importers and other interested parties are invited to contact the Commission as soon as possible to determine whether they have been listed and were furnished with the relevant documentation. If not, they should immediately ensure that they are sent copies. The questionnaire has to be completed and any other representations must be made within the time limit set out below.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Please note that if any information is considered to be confidential then a non-confidential version of the information must be submitted for the public file, simultaneously with the confidential version. In submitting a non-confidential version, the following rules are strictly applicable and parties must indicate:

- X where confidential information has been omitted and the nature of such information;
- X reasons for such confidentiality;
- X a summary of the confidential information which permits a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information; and
- X in exceptional cases, where information is not susceptible to summary, reasons must be submitted to this effect.

This rule applies to all parties and to all correspondence with and submissions to the Commission, which unless indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other interested parties.

If a party considers that any document of another party, on which that party is submitting representations, does not comply with the above rules and that such deficiency affects that party's ability to make meaningful representations, the details of the deficiency and the reasons why that party's rights are so affected must be submitted to the Commission

in writing forthwith (and at the latest 14 days prior to the date on which that party's submission is due). Failure to do so timeously will seriously hamper the proper administration of the investigation, and such party will not be able to subsequently claim an inability to make meaningful representations on the basis of the failure of such other party to meet the requirements.

Subsection 33(1) of the ITA Act provides that any person claiming confidentiality of information should identify whether such information is *confidential by nature* or is *otherwise confidential* and, any such claims must be supported by a written statement, in each case, setting out how the information satisfies the requirements of the claim to confidentiality. In the alternative, a sworn statement should be made setting out reasons why it is impossible to comply with these requirements.

Section 2.3 of the ADR provides as follows:

"The following list indicates "information that is by nature confidential" as per section 33(1)(a) of the Main Act, read with section 36 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act (Act 2 of 2000):

(a) management accounts;
(b) financial accounts of a private company;
(c) actual and individual sales prices;
(d) actual costs, including cost of production and importation cost;
(e) actual sales volumes;
(f) individual sales prices;
(g) information, the release of which could have serious consequences for the person that provided such information; and
(h) information that would be of significant competitive advantage to a competitor;

Provided that a party submitting such information indicates it to be confidential

ADDRESS

The response to the questionnaire and any information regarding this matter and any arguments concerning the allegation of dumping and the resulting material injury must be submitted in writing to the following address or on the emails below:

Physical address

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I
International Trade Administration Commission
Block E – The DTI Campus
77 Meintjies Street
SUNNYSIDE
PRETORIA
SOUTH AFRICA

Postal address

The Senior Manager:
Trade Remedies I
Private Bag X753
PRETORIA
0001
SOUTH AFRICA

PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I, should receive all responses, including non-confidential copies of the responses, not later than 30 days from the date hereof, or from the date on which the letter accompanying the abovementioned questionnaire was received. The said letter shall be deemed to have been received seven days after the day of its dispatch.

Late submissions will not be accepted except with the prior written consent of the Commission. The Commission will give due consideration to written requests for an extension of not more than 14 days on good cause shown (properly motivated and substantiated), if received prior to the expiry of the original 30-day period. Merely citing insufficient time is not an acceptable reason for an extension. Please note that the Commission will not consider requests for extension by the Embassy on behalf of foreign producers.

The information submitted by any party may need to be verified by the Investigating Officers in order for the Commission to take such information into consideration. The Commission may verify the information at the premises of the party submitting the information, within a short period after the submission of the information to the Commission. Parties should therefore ensure that the information submitted would

subsequently be available for verification. Specifically, it is planned to verify the information submitted by the foreign producers within three to five weeks subsequent to the submission of the information. This period will only be extended if it is not feasible for the Commission to do it within this time period or upon good cause shown, and with the prior written consent of the Commission, which should be requested at the time of the submission. It should be noted that unavailability of, or inconvenience to appointed representatives, will not be considered to be good cause.

Parties should also ensure when they engage representatives that they will be available at the requisite times, to ensure compliance with the above time frames. Parties should also ensure that all the information requested in the applicable questionnaire is provided in the specified detail and format. The questionnaires are designed to ensure that the Commission is provided with all the information required to make a determination in accordance with the ITA Act and the ADR. The Commission may therefore refuse to verify information that is incomplete or does not comply with the format in the questionnaire, unless the Commission has agreed in writing to a deviation from the required format. A failure to submit a non-confidential version of the response that complies with the rules set out above under the heading *Confidential Information* will be regarded as an incomplete submission.

Parties, who experience difficulty in furnishing the information required, or submitting information in the format required, are urged to make written applications to the Commission at an early stage for permission to deviate from the questionnaire or provide the information in an alternative format that can satisfy the Commission′s requirements. The Commission will give due consideration to such a request on good cause shown.

Any interested party may request an oral hearing at any stage of the investigation in accordance with Section 5 of the ADR, provided that the party indicates reasons for not relying on written submissions only. The Commission may refuse an oral hearing if granting such hearing will unduly delay the finalisation of a determination. Parties requesting an oral hearing must provide the Commission with a detailed agenda for, and

a detailed version, including a non-confidential version, of the information to be discussed at the oral hearing at the time of the request.

If the required information is not received in a satisfactory form within the time limit specified above, or if verification of the information cannot take place, the Commission may disregard the information submitted and make a finding on the basis of the facts available to it.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact Mr Emmanuel Manamela at email address emanamela@itac.org.za and Ms. Charity Mudzwiri at cramaposa@itac.org.za .

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NOTICE 3694 OF 2025

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION

NOTICE OF INITIATION OF THE INVESTIGATION INTO THE ALLEGED DUMPING OF "FLAT-ROLLED PRODUCTS OF IRON OR NON-ALLOY STEEL, OF A WIDTH OF 600 MM OR MORE, CLAD, PLATED OR COATED, PAINTED, VARNISHED OR COATED WITH PLASTICS ("COLOUR-COATED STEEL") CLASSIFIABLE UNDER TARIFF SUBHEADINGS 7210.70.20, 7210.70.30, 7210.70.40 AND 7210.70.90 ORIGINATING IN OR IMPORTED FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA ("CHINA")

ArcelorMittal South Africa Ltd ("AMSA") and Safal Steel (Pty) Ltd ("SAFAL") ("the Applicant") submitted an application to the Commission alleging that flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, clad, plated or coated, painted, varnished or coated with plastics: in tariff subheadings 7210.70.20, 7210.70.30, 7210.70.40 and 7210.70.90 originating in or imported from China is being dumped on the SACU market, causing material injury to the SACU industry concerned.

THE APPLICANT

The application was lodged by ArcelorMittal South Africa Ltd ("AMSA") and Safal Steel (Pty) Ltd ("SAFAL") ("the Applicant"). The Applicant alleges that the dumped product is causing material injury. The Applicant submitted sufficient evidence and established a *prima facie* case to enable the Commission to arrive at a reasonable conclusion that an investigation should be initiated based on dumping, material injury and causality.

THE PRODUCT

The product allegedly being dumped is flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, clad, plated or coated, painted, varnished or coated with plastics classifiable under tariff subheadings 7210.70.20, 7210.70.30, 7210.70.40 and 7210.70.90 originating in or imported from China.

THE ALLEGATION OF DUMPING

The allegation of dumping is based on the comparison between the normal value in China and the export price from China.

People's Republic of China

Normal value for China was calculated based on the export price to a third country (Morocco) from China. This information was obtained from International Trade Centre ('ITC Trade Map'), an online database on international trade statistics and is for the period 1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025. Adjustments for port handling (clearance) and inland freight cost per tonne were made to the normal value to arrive at the ex-factory normal value.

In calculating the export price for China, the official South African Revenue Service (SARS) statistics for the period 1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025 were used. Adjustments for port handling (clearance) and inland freight cost per tonne were made to export price to arrive at the ex-factory export price.

The dumping margin for China was determined to be 51%.

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of dumping of the subject product originating in or imported from China.

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THE ALLEGATION OF MATERIAL INJURY AND CAUSAL LINK

The Applicant submitted evidence showing that it experienced injury in the form of price suppression, price undercutting, decline in sales volumes, decline in profits, a decline in output volumes, a decline in market share, increase in wages, a decline in capital investment, a decline in return on investment, decline in capacity utilisation, a decline in cashflow and a decline in capital investment from 1 May 2022 to 30 April 2025.

On this basis the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of material injury and a causal link between dumping and the injury suffered by the Applicant.

PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION

The period of investigation for purposes of determining the dumping margin in the exporting country of origin is from 1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025. The period of investigation for purposes of determining material injury is from 1 May 2022 to 30 April 2025.

PROCEDURAL FRAMEWORK

Having decided that there is sufficient evidence and a *prima facie* case to justify the initiation of an investigation, the Commission has begun an investigation in terms of section 16 of the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (the ITA Act). The Commission will conduct its investigation in accordance with the relevant sections of the ITA Act and the Anti-Dumping Regulations of the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (ADR). Both the ITA Act and the ADR are available on the Commission's website (www.itac.org.za) or from the Trade Remedies section, on request.

To obtain the information, it deems necessary for its investigation, the Commission will send non-confidential versions of the application and questionnaires to all known importers and exporters and known representative associations. The trade representative of the exporting country has also been notified. Importers, exporters and other interested parties

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are invited to contact the Commission as soon as possible to determine whether they have been listed and were furnished with the relevant documentation. If not, they should immediately ensure that they are sent copies. The questionnaire must be completed, and any other representations must be made within the time limit set out below.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Please note that if any information is considered to be confidential then a non-confidential version of the information must be submitted for the public file, simultaneously with the confidential version. In submitting a non-confidential version the following rules are strictly applicable and parties must indicate:

- where confidential information has been omitted and the nature of such information;
- reasons for such confidentiality;
- a summary of the confidential information which permits a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information; and
- In exceptional cases, where information is not susceptible to summary, a sworn affidavit setting out the reasons why it is impossible to comply should be provided.

A sworn affidavit is defined as a written sworn statement of fact voluntarily made by an affiant or deponent under an oath or affirmation administered by a person authorized to do so by law. Such statement is witnessed as to the authenticity of the affiant's signature by a taker of oaths, such as a notary public or commissioner of oaths. An affidavit is a type of verified statement or showing, or in other words, it contains verification, meaning it is under oath or penalty of perjury and this serves as evidence to its veracity and is required for court proceedings.

This rule applies to all parties and to all correspondence with and submissions to the Commission, which unless indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other

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interested parties.

If a party considers that any document of another party, on which that party is submitting representations, does not comply with the above rules and that such deficiency affects that party's ability to make meaningful representations, the details of the deficiency and the reasons why that party's rights are so affected must be submitted to the Commission in writing forthwith (and at the latest 14 days prior to the date on which that party's submission is due). Failure to do so timeously will seriously hamper the proper administration of the investigation, and such party will not be able to subsequently claim an inability to make meaningful representations based on the failure of such other party to meet the requirements.

Subsection 33(1) of the ITA Act provides that any person claiming confidentiality of information should identify whether such information is *confidential by nature* or is *otherwise confidential* and, any such claims must be supported by a written statement, in each case, setting out how the information satisfies the requirements of the claim to confidentiality. In the alternative, a sworn statement should be made setting out reasons why it is impossible to comply with these requirements.

Section 2.3 of the ADR provides as follows:

"The following list indicates "information that is by nature confidential" as per section 33(1) (a) of the Main Act, read with section 36 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act (Act 2 of 2000):

(a) management accounts;
(b) financial accounts of a private company;
(c) actual and individual sales prices;
(d) actual costs, including cost of production and importation cost;
(e) actual sales volumes;
(f) individual sales prices;
(g) information, the release of which could have serious consequences for the person that provided such information; and
(h) information that would be of significant competitive advantage to a competitor;

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Provided that a party submitting such information indicates it to be confidential."

ADDRESS

The response to the questionnaire and any information regarding this matter and any arguments concerning the allegation of dumping and the resulting material injury and threat of material injury must be submitted in writing to the following address:

Physical address
Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I
International Trade Administration Commission
Block E – The DTI Campus
77 Meintjies Street
SUNNYSIDE
PRETORIA
SOUTH AFRICA

Postal address
Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I
Private Bag X753
PRETORIA
0001
SOUTH AFRICA

PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS

All responses, including non-confidential copies of the responses, should be received by the Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I not later than 30 days from the date hereof, or from the date on which the letter accompanying the abovementioned questionnaire was received. The said letter shall be deemed to have been received seven days after the day of its dispatch.

Late submissions will not be accepted except with the prior written consent of the Commission. The Commission will give due consideration to written requests for an extension of not more than 14 days on good cause shown (properly motivated and substantiated), if received prior to the expiry of the original 30-day period. Merely citing insufficient time is not an acceptable reason for extension. Please note that the Commission will not consider requests for extension by the Embassy on behalf of

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exporters.

The information submitted by any party may need to be verified by the Investigating Officers to enable the Commission to take such information into consideration. The Commission may verify the information at the premises of the party submitting the information, within a short period after the submission of the information to the Commission. Parties should therefore ensure that the information submitted will subsequently be available for verification. It is planned to do the verification of the information submitted by the exporters within three to five weeks subsequent to submission of the information. This period will only be extended if it is not feasible for the Commission to do it within this time period or upon good cause shown, and with the prior written consent of the Commission, which should be requested at the time of the submission. It should be noted that unavailability of, or inconvenience to consultants will not be considered as good cause.

Parties should also ensure when they engage consultants that they will be available at the requisite times, to ensure compliance with the above time frames. Parties should also ensure that all the information requested in the applicable questionnaire is provided in the specified detail and format. The questionnaires are designed to ensure that the Commission is provided with all the information required to make a determination in accordance with the rules of the ADR. The Commission may therefore refuse to verify information that is incomplete or does not comply with the format in the questionnaire, unless the Commission has agreed in writing to a deviation from the required format. A failure to submit an adequate non-confidential version of the response that complies with the rules set out above under the heading *Confidential Information* will be regarded as an incomplete submission.

Parties, who experience difficulty in furnishing the information required, or submitting in the format required, are therefore urged to make written applications to the Commission at an early stage for permission to deviate from the questionnaire or provide the information in an alternative format that can satisfy the Commission's requirements. The Commission will give due consideration to such a request on good cause shown.

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Any interested party may request an oral hearing at any stage of the investigation in accordance with Section 5 of the ADR, provided that the party indicates reasons for not relying on written submission only. The Commission may refuse an oral hearing if granting such hearing will unduly delay the finalisation of a determination. Parties requesting an oral hearing shall provide the Commission with a detailed agenda for, and a detailed version, including a non-confidential version, of the information to be discussed at the oral hearing at the time of the request.

If the required information and arguments are not received in a satisfactory form within the time limit specified above, or if verification of the information cannot take place, the Commission may disregard the information submitted and make a finding based on the facts available to it.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact the following investigating Officers: Dr. Regina Peta at RPeta@itac.org.za and Ms. Mosa Sebe at MSebe@itac.org.za.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NOTICE 3695 OF 2025

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA

SUNSET REVIEW OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES ON ROPES AND CABLES (ALSO KNOWN AS ROPES AND CABLES OF STEEL OR WIRE ROPES) OF A DIAMETER THAT IS EXCEEDING 32MM CLASSIFIED UNDER TARIFF SUBHEADINGS 7312.10.24, 7312.10.30 and 7312.10.90 ORIGINATING IN OR IMPORTED FROM FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY ("GERMANY") AND THE UNITED KINGDOM ("UK")

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation 53 of the Anti-Dumping Regulations and Article 11.3 of the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, any definitive anti-dumping duty shall be terminated on a date not later than five years from its imposition, unless the authorities determine, in a review initiated before that date, on their own initiative or upon a duly substantiated request made by or on behalf of the domestic industry within a reasonable period of time prior to that date, that the expiry of the duties would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and injury.

On 7 June 2024, the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (the Commission) notified interested parties through Notice No. 2550 of 2024 in Government Gazette No. 50772, that unless a substantiated request is made indicating that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties against imports of ropes and cables of a diameter exceeding 32 mm originating in or imported from Germany and the UK would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and injury, the anti-dumping duties on ropes and cables of a diameter exceeding 32 mm originating in or imported from Germany and the UK will expire on 23 December 2025.

THE APPLICANT

The application was lodged by Haggie Steel Wire Ropes Proprietary Limited ("the Applicant"), being the only producer of the subject product in the Southern African Customs Union ("SACU") thus the application can be regarded as "made by or on behalf" of the SACU Industry.

The Applicant alleges that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties would likely lead to the recurrence of dumping and the continuation or recurrence of material injury. The Applicant submitted sufficient evidence and established a *prima facie* case to enable the Commission to arrive at a reasonable conclusion that a sunset review investigation of the anti-dumping duties on ropes and cables originating in or imported from Germany and the UK, should be initiated.

THE PRODUCT

The anti-dumping duties subject to this sunset review is applicable to on ropes and cables originating in or imported from Germany and the UK, classifiable under tariff subheadings 7312.10.24, 7312.10.30 and 7312.10.90.

THE ALLEGATION OF THE LIKELIHOOD OF RECURRENCE OF DUMPING

The allegation of the likelihood of the recurrence of dumping is based on the comparison between the normal values and the export prices should the anti-dumping duties expire.

Germany

Normal value

In calculating the normal values for Germany, the Applicant relied on third-country sales from Germany to India, which meets the requirement for choosing a suitable third-country market.

During the investigation period for dumping, from (1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025), export data from TradeMap was used to determine the normal value for steel wire ropes exported from Germany to India.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory normal value.

Export price

In calculating the export price, the Applicant stated that the official South African Revenue Service ("SARS") import statistics are unreliable due to significant tariff subheading mismatches between the SACU tariff classification system and the scope of the anti-dumping duties. In calculating the export prices for Germany, the Commission decided to use export statistics from TradeMap for the applicable EU tariff subheading, which accurately reflect more of the subject product scope. TradeMap provides trade data based on official customs statistics from exporting countries.

During the investigation period for dumping (from 01 May 2024 to 30 April 2025), Germany exported steel wire ropes to South Africa.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory export price.

Dumping margins

The following average dumping margin for Germany was calculated:

Germany	**EUR/kg**
Margin of dumping as a % of FOB export price	36.69%

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of the likelihood of recurrence of dumping.

The UK

Normal value

In calculating the normal values for the UK, the Applicant relied on third-country sales from the UK to India, which meets the requirement for choosing a suitable third-country market.

During the investigation period for dumping, from (1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025), export data from TradeMap was used to determine the normal value for steel wire ropes exported from the UK to India.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory normal value.

Export price

In calculating the export price, the Applicant stated that the official SARS import statistics are unreliable due to significant tariff subheading mismatches between the SACU tariff classification system and the scope of the anti-dumping duties. In calculating the export prices for the UK, the Commission decided to use export statistics from TradeMap for the applicable European Union ("EU") tariff subheading, which accurately reflect more of the subject product scope. TradeMap provides trade data based on official customs statistics from exporting countries.

During the investigation period for dumping from (1 May 2024 to 30 April 2025), the UK exported steel wire ropes to South Africa.

Adjustment

An adjustment for transport cost between the factory and the port was made to arrive at the ex-factory export price.

Dumping margins

The following dumping margin for the UK was calculated:

The UK	**EUR/kg**
Margin of dumping as a % of FOB export price	29.43%

On this basis, the Commission found that there was prima facie proof of the likelihood of recurrence of dumping.

THE ALLEGATION OF THE LIKELIHOOD OF CONTINUATION OR RECURRENCE OF MATERIAL INJURY

The Applicant alleged and submitted sufficient evidence to show that the expiry of the anti-dumping duties on the subject products originating in or imported from Germany and the UK would likely lead to the recurrence of material injury to the SACU industry.

On this basis, the Commission found that there was *prima facie* proof of the likelihood of the recurrence of material injury if the duties expire.

PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION

The investigation period for determination of the likelihood of the recurrence of dumping is the period 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025. The investigation period for determination of the likelihood of the recurrence of material injury is from 1 May 2022 to 30 April 2025 and estimates for 1 May 2025 - 30 April 2026 in the event the anti-dumping duties expire.

PROCEDURAL FRAMEWORK

Having decided that there is sufficient evidence and a *prima facie* case to justify the initiation of an investigation, the Commission has begun an investigation in terms of section 16 of the International Trade Administration Act, 2002 (“the ITA Act”). The Commission will conduct its investigation in accordance with the relevant sections of the ITA Act, the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 (“the Anti-Dumping Agreement”) and the Anti-Dumping Regulations of the International Trade Administration Commission of South Africa (“ADR”). Both the ITA Act and the ADR are available on the Commission’s website (www.itac.org.za) or from the Trade Remedies section, on request.

To obtain the information, it deems necessary for its investigation, the Commission will send non-confidential versions of the application and questionnaires to all known

importers and exporters and known representative associations. The trade representative of the country of origin has also been notified. Importers and other interested parties are invited to contact the Commission as soon as possible to determine whether they have been listed and were furnished with the relevant documentation. If not, they should immediately ensure that they are sent copies. The questionnaire has to be completed and any other representations must be made within the time limit set out below.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Please note that if any information is considered to be confidential then a non-confidential version of the information must be submitted for the public file, simultaneously with the confidential version. In submitting a non-confidential version, the following rules are strictly applicable and parties must indicate:

- X where confidential information has been omitted and the nature of such information;
- X reasons for such confidentiality;
- X a summary of the confidential information which permits a reasonable understanding of the substance of the confidential information; and
- X in exceptional cases, where information is not susceptible to summary, reasons must be submitted to this effect.

This rule applies to all parties and to all correspondence with and submissions to the Commission, which unless indicated to be confidential and filed together with a non-confidential version, will be placed on the public file and be made available to other interested parties.

If a party considers that any document of another party, on which that party is submitting representations, does not comply with the above rules and that such deficiency affects that party's ability to make meaningful representations, the details of the deficiency and the reasons why that party's rights are so affected must be submitted to the Commission in writing forthwith (and at the latest 14 days prior to the date on which that party's

submission is due). Failure to do so timeously will seriously hamper the proper administration of the investigation, and such party will not be able to subsequently claim an inability to make meaningful representations on the basis of the failure of such other party to meet the requirements.

Subsection 33(1) of the ITA Act provides that any person claiming confidentiality of information should identify whether such information is *confidential by nature* or is *otherwise confidential* and, any such claims must be supported by a written statement, in each case, setting out how the information satisfies the requirements of the claim to confidentiality. In the alternative, a sworn statement should be made setting out reasons why it is impossible to comply with these requirements.

Section 2.3 of the ADR provides as follows:

"The following list indicates "information that is by nature confidential" as per section 33(1)(a) of the Main Act, read with section 36 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act (Act 2 of 2000):

(a) management accounts;
(b) financial accounts of a private company;
(c) actual and individual sales prices;
(d) actual costs, including cost of production and importation cost;
(e) actual sales volumes;
(f) individual sales prices;
(g) information, the release of which could have serious consequences for the person that provided such information; and
(h) information that would be of significant competitive advantage to a competitor;

Provided that a party submitting such information indicates it to be confidential

ADDRESS

The response to the questionnaire and any information regarding this matter and any arguments concerning the allegation of dumping and the resulting material injury must be submitted in writing to the following address or on the emails below:

Physical address

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I
International Trade Administration Commission
Block E – The DTI Campus
77 Meintjies Street
SUNNYSIDE
PRETORIA
SOUTH AFRICA

Postal address

The Senior Manager:
Trade Remedies I
Private Bag X753
PRETORIA
0001
SOUTH AFRICA

PROCEDURES AND TIME LIMITS

The Senior Manager: Trade Remedies I, should receive all responses, including non-confidential copies of the responses, not later than 30 days from the date hereof, or from the date on which the letter accompanying the abovementioned questionnaire was received. The said letter shall be deemed to have been received seven days after the day of its dispatch.

Late submissions will not be accepted except with the prior written consent of the Commission. The Commission will give due consideration to written requests for an extension of not more than 14 days on good cause shown (properly motivated and substantiated), if received prior to the expiry of the original 30-day period. Merely citing insufficient time is not an acceptable reason for an extension. Please note that the Commission will not consider requests for extension by the Embassy on behalf of foreign producers.

The information submitted by any party may need to be verified by the Investigating Officers in order for the Commission to take such information into consideration. The Commission may verify the information at the premises of the party submitting the information, within a short period after the submission of the information to the Commission. Parties should therefore ensure that the information submitted would subsequently be available for verification. Specifically, it is planned to verify the

information submitted by the foreign producers within three to five weeks subsequent to the submission of the information. This period will only be extended if it is not feasible for the Commission to do it within this time period or upon good cause shown, and with the prior written consent of the Commission, which should be requested at the time of the submission. It should be noted that unavailability of, or inconvenience to appointed representatives, will not be considered to be good cause.

Parties should also ensure when they engage representatives that they will be available at the requisite times, to ensure compliance with the above time frames. Parties should also ensure that all the information requested in the applicable questionnaire is provided in the specified detail and format. The questionnaires are designed to ensure that the Commission is provided with all the information required to make a determination in accordance with the ITA Act and the ADR. The Commission may therefore refuse to verify information that is incomplete or does not comply with the format in the questionnaire, unless the Commission has agreed in writing to a deviation from the required format. A failure to submit a non-confidential version of the response that complies with the rules set out above under the heading *Confidential Information* will be regarded as an incomplete submission.

Parties, who experience difficulty in furnishing the information required, or submitting information in the format required, are urged to make written applications to the Commission at an early stage for permission to deviate from the questionnaire or provide the information in an alternative format that can satisfy the Commission's requirements. The Commission will give due consideration to such a request on good cause shown.

Any interested party may request an oral hearing at any stage of the investigation in accordance with Section 5 of the ADR, provided that the party indicates reasons for not relying on written submissions only. The Commission may refuse an oral hearing if granting such hearing will unduly delay the finalisation of a determination. Parties requesting an oral hearing must provide the Commission with a detailed agenda for, and a detailed version, including a non-confidential version, of the information to be discussed

at the oral hearing at the time of the request.

If the required information is not received in a satisfactory form within the time limit specified above, or if verification of the information cannot take place, the Commission may disregard the information submitted and make a finding on the basis of the facts available to it.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact Mr Emmanuel Manamela at email address emanamela@itac.org.za and Ms. Charity Mudzwiri at cramaposa@itac.org.za .

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NOTICE 3696 OF 2025

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA

CORRECTION NOTICE ON LIST 07 OF 2025 AND THE REVIEW OF THE TARIFF STRUCTURE AND INVESTIGATION INTO THE POSSIBLE INTRODUCTION OF AN IMPORT SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM FOR STEEL PRODUCTS CLASSIFIABLE UNDER CHAPTERS 72, 73, 82, AND 83 OF THE CUSTOMS AND EXCISE ACT

This notice serves to correct List 07 of 2025, and Table 1 referenced in Notice No. 3638 of 2025, published in Government Gazette No. 53708 on 21 November 2025. The table erroneously included two (2) HS codes that do not fall within the scope of the current investigation. In addition, List 07 of 2025 was a duplication of a previously published list. The correct list to reference is List 09 of 2025.

The correct Table 1 is attached hereunder.

Representations should be made within **two (2) weeks** of the date of this correction notice.

Enquiries: ITAC Ref: **20/2024**. Ms Rethabile Molala/ Ms Nonqubeko Sikhakhana/Ms Princess Matsepane. Tel: 012 394 5162/3835/3699 or email rmolala@itac.org.za/nsikhakhana@itac.org.za/ pmatsepane@itac.org.za.

TABLE 1

Tariff Heading / Subheading	Article Description	Applied Rate	WTO Bound Rate
7312.10.23	Stranded wire, ropes, cables, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel, not electrically insulated: Stranded wire, ropes and cables: Ropes and cables, of wire which is not plated, coated or clad, of a diameter not exceeding 13 mm (excluding that of wire of stainless	5%	15%
7312.90.10	Stranded wire, ropes, cables, plaited bands, slings and the like, of iron or steel, not electrically insulated: Other: Slings and the like, of rope of a diameter not exceeding 4 mm (excluding that of wire plated, coated or clad with copper and that identifiable as conveyor belt cord)	Free	15%
7315.90.90	Chain and parts thereof, of iron or steel: Other parts: Other	10%	15%
7314.20	Cloth (including endless bands), grill, netting and fencing, of iron or steel wire, expanded metal of iron or steel: Grill, netting and fencing, welded at the intersection, of wire with a maximum cross-sectional dimension of 3 mm or more and having a mesh size of 100 cm^2 or more	5%	15%
7320.20.90	Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel: Helical springs: Other	5%	15%
7320.90	Springs and leaves for springs, of iron or steel: Helical springs: Other	5%	15%
7219.13.10	Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more: Of a thickness of 3 mm or more but less than 4,75 mm: Of a width exceeding 1574 mm	Free	10%
7219.14.10	Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more: Of a thickness of less than 3 mm: Of a thickness of less than 0,3 mm; of a width exceeding 1574 mm	Free	10%
7308.40.10	Structures (excluding prefabricated buildings of heading 94.06) and parts of structures (for example, bridges and bridge-sections, lock-gates, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frame-works, doors and windows and their frames and thresholds for doors, shutters, balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron or steel; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of iron or steel: Equipment for scaffolding, shuttering, propping or pit-propping: Mining appliances	Free	15%
7318.16.29	Screws, bolts, nuts, coach screws, screw hooks, rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers (including spring washers) and similar articles, of iron or steel: Nuts: Other	10%	30%
7325.10	Other cast articles of iron or steel: Of non-malleable cast iron	Free	15%
7304.39.35	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (excluding cast iron) or steel: Other: Other, of a wall thickness exceeding 25 mm or an outside crosssectional dimension exceeding 170 mm	Free	15%
7304.41	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (excluding cast iron) or steel: Other, of circular cross-section, of stainless steel: Cold-drawn or cold-rolled (cold-reduced)	Free	15%
7304.49	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (excluding cast iron) or steel: Other, of circular cross-section, of stainless steel: Other	Free	15%
7304.59.45	Tubes, pipes and hollow profiles, seamless, of iron (excluding cast iron) or steel: Other: Of a wall thickness exceeding 25 mm or an outside cross-sectional dimension exceeding 170 mm	Free	15%
7209.28	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, cold-rolled (cold-reduced), not clad, plated or coated: Not in coils, not further worked than cold-rolled (cold-reduced): Of a thickness of less than 0,5 mm	Free	10%
7326.19	Other articles of iron or steel: Forged or stamped, but not further worked: Other	Free	15%
7214.10	Other bars and rods of iron or non-alloy steel, not further worked than forged, hot-rolled, hot-drawn or hot-extruded, but including those twisted: Forged	10%	10%

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